AN INTRODUCTION TO THE UNITARIAN AND UNIVERSALIST Online PDF

An Introduction to the Unitarian and Universalist

Unitarianism and Universalism are two religious movements that have historically shared close ties, often merging into a single religious tradition known as Unitarian Universalism. Both movements emphasize the dignity and worth of every individual, promote spiritual growth through personal exploration, and advocate for social justice. This article provides a comprehensive overview of these traditions, exploring their origins, core beliefs, historical development, and contemporary relevance.

Origins and Historical Development

Early Roots of Unitarianism

Unitarianism traces its origins back to the Reformation era, particularly in the 16th and 17th centuries, when theological debates about the nature of God and Christ began to challenge mainstream Christian doctrines. Key points include:

- Rejection of the Trinity: Unitarianism emphasizes the oneness of God, rejecting the traditional doctrine of the Trinity (Father, Son, Holy Spirit).
- Early Influences: Thinkers like Michael Servetus and Fausto Sozzini challenged orthodox views on Christ?s divinity, laying groundwork for Unitarian ideas.
- Development in Europe: Unitarian ideas gained traction in Transylvania, Poland, and England, often intertwined with broader religious reform movements.

Origins of Universalism

Universalism developed as a distinct religious movement emphasizing universal salvation?the belief that all souls will ultimately be reconciled with God. Its key aspects include:

- Early Beliefs: Rooted in early Christian thought, but gained prominence in the 18th century as a reaction against predestinarian doctrines.
- Key Advocates: Figures like John Murray and Hosea Ballou promoted the idea that God's love extends to all humanity, regardless of religious or moral standing.
- Growth in America: Universalist ideas flourished in colonial and early post-colonial America,

leading to the formation of Universalist churches.

The Merger: Unitarian Universalism

In the 20th century, the two movements gradually united due to shared values and overlapping membership, culminating in:

- The Formation of the Unitarian Universalist Association (UUA) in 1961.
- A shared emphasis on spiritual pluralism, social justice, and personal spiritual growth.
- Recognition of diverse beliefs: from theistic to non-theistic, secular to religious.

Core Beliefs and Principles

Unitarian Beliefs

Unitarianism centers on the following core ideas:

- **Oneness of God:** Belief in a single divine entity, rather than a Trinity.
- **Rational Religion:** Emphasis on reason and personal experience as guides to spiritual truth.
- **Individual Autonomy:** Encouragement of personal interpretation of religious teachings.
- **Ethical Living:** Focus on social justice, human rights, and moral responsibility.

Universalist Beliefs

Universalism emphasizes:

- **Universal Salvation:** The belief that ultimately all beings will be saved and reconciled with God.
- **Divine Love:** A view of God as loving and inclusive, extending grace to all.
- **Rejectance of Predestination:** Opposing the idea that some are predestined for damnation.
- **Hope and Optimism:** A focus on the potential for universal harmony and redemption.

Values and Ethical Outlook

Both movements share a commitment to:

- **Social Justice:** Advocating for equality, human rights, and social reform.
- **Pluralism:** Respect for diverse spiritual and philosophical beliefs.

- **Environmental Stewardship:** Recognizing the importance of caring for the Earth.
- **Personal Growth:** Encouraging lifelong learning and spiritual exploration.

Practices and Worship

Unlike traditional denominations with fixed liturgies, Unitarian Universalist practices are highly flexible and personalized.

Worship Services

- Often include readings, music, and reflections that draw from various religious traditions.
- Emphasize community, moral reflection, and personal insight.
- May feature guest speakers, poetry, or art.

Rites of Passage

- Life events such as weddings, funerals, and naming ceremonies are personalized and inclusive.
- Ceremonies often reflect the values of acceptance, diversity, and spiritual growth.

Community Engagement

- Strong focus on social action projects, activism, and community service.
- Many congregations participate in local and global justice initiatives.

Contemporary Unitarian Universalism

Today, Unitarian Universalism (UU) is a vibrant, diverse religious community committed to spiritual exploration and social justice.

Demographics and Membership

- UU congregations are often multiracial and inclusive of LGBTQ+ individuals.
- Membership varies globally but is most prevalent in the United States, Canada, and the UK.

Beliefs and Diversity

- No strict doctrine; members may identify as theistic, agnostic, atheist, humanist, or spiritual but not religious.
- Emphasizes individual search for truth and meaning.

Global Influence

- UU principles influence social justice movements, interfaith dialogue, and educational initiatives worldwide.
- The movement advocates for peace, environmental sustainability, and human rights.

Challenges and Opportunities

While UU communities flourish in promoting inclusivity and social justice, they also face challenges:

- Maintaining relevance in a secularizing society.
- Balancing theological diversity with a shared identity.
- Engaging younger generations and expanding outreach.

Conversely, opportunities include leveraging digital platforms for community building, fostering interfaith collaborations, and expanding social justice initiatives.

Conclusion

An introduction to the Unitarian and Universalist traditions reveals a rich history rooted in reform, inclusion, and a profound commitment to human dignity. Their merger into Unitarian Universalism created a flexible, pluralistic religious movement that continues to adapt and grow in the modern era. Emphasizing personal spiritual exploration, social justice, and respect for diversity, UU remains a vital expression of contemporary spiritual life?welcoming all who seek meaning, community, and a better world.

Unitarian and Universalist: An In-Depth Introduction to Two Intertwined Spiritual Movements

In the landscape of religious and spiritual thought, few traditions exemplify the principles of tolerance, open-mindedness, and progressive belief quite like Unitarianism and Universalism. Although they originated separately, over the centuries, these movements have intertwined into a shared identity that emphasizes individual inquiry, social justice, and universal compassion. This comprehensive exploration aims to provide an insightful overview of these two traditions?tracing their origins, core beliefs, historical developments, and contemporary significance?serving as an essential guide for anyone interested in understanding these influential spiritual movements.

Origins and Historical Development

Unitarianism: A Heritage of Rational Inquiry and Religious Reform

Unitarianism's roots trace back to the Reformation-era debates of the 16th and 17th centuries. It emerged primarily as a response to the dominant doctrines of Trinitarian Christianity, which posited the Trinity as a central dogma. Unitarian thinkers challenged this doctrine, advocating for the unity of God and emphasizing reason and individual conscience as guiding principles.

Key Historical Milestones:

- Early Roots (16th-17th Century): The roots of Unitarian thought can be found among Christian reformers who questioned the concept of the Trinity. Notably, figures like Michael Servetus and Fausto Sozzini laid groundwork for anti-Trinitarian views.

- 17th Century: The development of Unitarian ideas gained momentum in Poland, Transylvania, and England, with groups forming that rejected Trinitarian dogma. The Socinian movement in Poland became particularly influential.

- 18th-19th Century: In England and America, Unitarianism formalized as a denomination emphasizing rational religion, moral philosophy, and social reform. The American Unitarian Association was founded in 1828, solidifying the movement's institutional presence.

- Modern Era: Today, Unitarianism often exists as part of broader liberal religious communities, emphasizing individual spiritual exploration over dogma.

Core Principles:

- Belief in the unity of God rather than the Trinity.
- Emphasis on reason and scientific understanding as tools for faith.
- Commitment to social justice, human rights, and ethical living.
- Acceptance of diverse religious beliefs and spiritual paths.

Universalism: The Doctrine of Universal Salvation and Compassion

Universalism's origins are rooted in the early Christian belief that God's love extends to all people,

culminating in the doctrine of universal salvation?the idea that all souls will ultimately be saved and reconciled with God.

Key Historical Milestones:

- Ancient Roots: The concept of universal salvation can be traced back to early Christian thinkers like Origen, who proposed the eventual universal reconciliation of all souls.

- Medieval Period: Universalist ideas persisted in various Christian communities, often marginalized by mainstream doctrine.

- 17th-19th Century: In America, Universalism became a formal denomination in the late 18th century, emphasizing God's infinite love and mercy. The Universalist Church of America was established in 1793.

- Merger with Unitarianism: In 1961, the Universalist Church and the American Unitarian Association merged to form the Unitarian Universalist Association, symbolizing their shared commitment to liberal religious values.

Core Principles:

- Belief in universal salvation?that all souls are ultimately redeemed.
- Emphasis on love, compassion, and social justice.
- Rejection of eternal punishment or hellfire.
- Openness to multiple religious and philosophical perspectives.

Core Beliefs and Philosophical Foundations

Shared Values of Tolerance and Pluralism

Both Unitarianism and Universalism, especially in their modern incarnations, prioritize the values of tolerance, pluralism, and respect for individual spiritual journeys. They challenge the exclusivist doctrines of traditional religions, promoting an inclusive approach that welcomes diverse beliefs.

Key Shared Values:

- Religious Freedom: Emphasis on personal conscience and the right to explore different spiritual paths.
- Diversity of Beliefs: Acceptance that truth may manifest in many forms, encouraging dialogue among different faith traditions.
- Social Justice: Commitment to activism, equality, and human rights as expressions of spiritual values.
- Rational Inquiry: Encouragement of critical thinking and scientific understanding as compatible with faith.

Distinctive Doctrinal Perspectives

While sharing many values, Unitarianism and Universalism have distinct doctrinal emphases:

- Unitarianism:
- Focuses on the unity of God and the rejection of the Trinity.
- Emphasizes reason, conscience, and moral development.
- Promotes ethical living based on human capacity and responsibility.
- Does not necessarily adhere to a specific afterlife doctrine, often emphasizing this life.

- Universalism:
- Centers on the belief that God's love and mercy are universal.
- Advocates for the eventual salvation of all souls.
- Rejects doctrines of eternal punishment.
- Emphasizes compassion and reconciliation in human relationships and with the divine.

In essence, Unitarianism often concentrates on theological rationalism and individual spirituality, while Universalism emphasizes divine love and salvation for all.

Contemporary Practice and Community Life

Organizational Structures and Worship Styles

Modern Unitarian Universalist (UU) communities are typically organized as congregational, autonomous bodies that may vary widely in worship style, governance, and community activities.

Worship and Services:

- Frequently non-dogmatic and flexible.

- Incorporate readings, music, meditation, and philosophical discussions.
- Celebrations of seasonal festivals, social justice events, and life milestones.
- Emphasize personal reflection over adherence to a fixed creed.

Community Engagement:

- Active involvement in social justice initiatives such as LGBTQ+ rights, environmental causes, racial equality, and refugee support.
- Emphasis on building inclusive communities that respect diverse backgrounds and beliefs.
- Educational programs for children and adults on ethics, spirituality, and social issues.

Values in Practice: Examples of Social Engagement

Unitarian Universalist communities are often at the forefront of social activism. Notable areas of focus include:

- Environmental Sustainability: Advocacy for climate change policies and sustainable living.
- Human Rights: Campaigns against discrimination, support for marginalized groups.
- Peace and Justice: Participation in anti-war movements and efforts to promote reconciliation.

Inclusivity and Diversity:

- Many UU congregations are intentionally diverse in terms of race, ethnicity, gender, and sexual orientation.
- They uphold principles of equity and justice, striving to create welcoming environments.

The Significance of Unitarian and Universalist Movements Today

Impact on Religious Thought and Society

Unitarianism and Universalism have profoundly shaped liberal religious thought and social activism, influencing broader cultural shifts toward pluralism and human rights.

Key Contributions:

- Pioneering the idea of religious tolerance in Western societies.
- Promoting critical engagement with religious doctrines and traditions.

- Supporting the development of secular humanism and modern spiritual pluralism.
- Fostering communities committed to social justice and ethical living.

Challenges and Opportunities

While these movements have grown increasingly inclusive and diverse, they also face challenges:

- Maintaining relevance in a rapidly changing religious landscape.
- Balancing individual spiritual freedom with community cohesion.
- Addressing social issues such as racial inequality and climate change with effective activism.
- Engaging younger generations who may be less attached to traditional religious institutions.

Conversely, their flexible, inclusive approach offers opportunities to continue influencing society positively, fostering dialogue across divides, and nurturing spiritual exploration free from dogma.

Conclusion: A Legacy of Open-Mindedness and Compassion

Unitarianism and Universalism exemplify two threads of religious thought that prioritize reason, compassion, and inclusivity. Their evolution from doctrinal debates to broad-based movements reflects a commitment to individual spiritual autonomy and social justice?values that remain profoundly relevant today.

Whether one is drawn to the rational inquiry and ethical focus of Unitarianism or the universal love and salvation emphasized by Universalism, these movements serve as inspiring models for a world where diversity of thought and compassion are celebrated. Their ongoing influence underscores the importance of open-mindedness in fostering harmonious communities and advancing human understanding.

As contemporary society grapples with complex moral and spiritual questions, the legacy of Unitarian and Universalist principles offers a compelling blueprint for fostering dialogue, promoting justice, and nurturing a sense of universal kinship that transcends boundaries.

QuestionAnswer What are the core beliefs of Unitarian and Universalist traditions? Unitarian and Universalist traditions emphasize the belief in the inherent worth and dignity of every individual, the importance of personal spiritual growth, and a commitment to social justice. They promote religious freedom, open inquiry, and often adopt a non-creedal approach, allowing individuals to explore their own spiritual paths. How did the Unitarian and Universalist movements originate? The Unitarian movement originated in the 16th and 17th centuries in Europe, emphasizing the unity of God and rational religion. The Universalist movement began in the 18th century in America, focusing on the universal salvation of all souls. The two movements gradually merged in the 20th century to form the

Unitarian Universalist Association, promoting shared values of inclusivity and spiritual exploration. What distinguishes Unitarian Universalism from other religious traditions? Unitarian Universalism is distinguished by its pluralistic and inclusive approach, welcoming people of all religious backgrounds and beliefs. It does not adhere to a specific creed but encourages individual spiritual exploration, social activism, and a commitment to justice and compassion. What role does social justice play in Unitarian Universalist communities? Social justice is a central tenet of Unitarian Universalist communities. Members actively engage in efforts to promote equality, human rights, environmental sustainability, and peace, reflecting their commitment to applying their spiritual values to real-world issues. How can someone get involved with Unitarian Universalist congregations? Individuals interested can attend services, participate in community events, join social justice initiatives, or become members of local congregations. Many UU communities also offer educational programs, youth groups, and opportunities for personal spiritual development, fostering a welcoming environment for newcomers.

Related keywords: Unitarianism, Universalism, religious beliefs, spiritual diversity, faith traditions, liberal religion, Christian denominations, religious history, theological principles, religious tolerance

THE UNITARIAN UNIVERSALIST POCKET GUIDE ENGLISH E

the unitarian universalist pocket guide english e is an essential resource for those interested in understanding the principles, history, and community of Unitarian Universalism in an accessible and concise format. Whether you're a newcomer exploring spiritual paths or a seasoned member seeking a quick reference, this pocket guide offers valuable insights into one of the most inclusive and progressive religious movements. In this comprehensive article, we will delve into the core aspects of the Unitarian Universalist Pocket Guide, exploring its significance, key themes, and practical applications, all optimized for SEO to help you discover everything you need to know about this influential spiritual guide.

What is the Unitarian Universalist Pocket Guide?

Overview and Purpose

The Unitarian Universalist Pocket Guide is a compact, easy-to-carry manual designed to introduce individuals to the beliefs, history, and community practices of Unitarian Universalism (UU). Its primary purpose is to serve as a quick reference that summarizes the core values, history, and ethical principles that define UU congregations worldwide.

Target Audience

This guide is tailored for:

- New members and visitors exploring UU churches
- Longtime members seeking a refresher
- Religious educators and ministers
- Anyone interested in progressive spiritual traditions

Format and Accessibility

Typically printed as a small booklet or pocket-sized pamphlet, the guide emphasizes clarity and brevity. It uses straightforward language, making complex theological concepts accessible to diverse audiences.

Core Principles and Values of Unitarian Universalism

Seven UU Principles

Unitarian Universalism is grounded in seven core principles that emphasize justice, equity, compassion, and spiritual growth:

- The inherent worth and dignity of every person
- Justice, equity, and compassion in human relations
- Acceptance of one another and encouragement to spiritual growth
- A free and responsible search for truth and meaning
- The right of conscience and the use of the democratic process
- The goal of world community with peace, liberty, and justice for all
- Respect for the interdependent web of all existence

Seven UU Sources

The guide also highlights the diverse sources that inspire UU beliefs:

- Direct experience of transcending mystery and wonder
- Words and deeds of prophetic women and men
- Wisdom from world religions
- Jewish and Christian teachings
- Humanist teachings
- Earth-centered spiritualities

- Other sources of inspiration

History and Origins of Unitarian Universalism

Historical Background

Unitarian Universalism emerged from the union of two historically distinct traditions:

- Unitarianism, emphasizing the oneness of God and the humanity of Jesus
- Universalism, advocating that all souls will ultimately be saved

The merger occurred in 1961, creating a more inclusive and pluralistic faith community.

Key Historical Milestones

- 16th-century roots in the Reformation and Christian humanism
- Formation of American Unitarianism in the early 19th century
- Adoption of the Universalist Church's doctrines in the 18th century
- The 1961 merger forming the modern UU movement
- Growth of social justice activism throughout the 20th and 21st centuries

Practices and Community Life in Unitarian Universalism

Worship and Rituals

UU worship services are diverse, often including:

- Inspirational readings
- Music and singing
- Meditation and silent reflection
- Rituals such as lighting candles, water ceremonies, and rites of passage

Community Engagement

Unitarian Universalists prioritize social justice, community service, and interfaith dialogue. Activities include:

- Volunteer programs
- Advocacy campaigns
- Educational workshops
- Interfaith collaborations

Personal Spiritual Growth

Members are encouraged to explore their own spiritual paths through:

- Study groups
- Meditation practices
- Ethical living
- Reflection and journaling

How the Pocket Guide Enhances Understanding of UU Principles

Quick Reference for Key Concepts

The guide distills complex ideas into digestible summaries, making it easier for readers to grasp:

- The meaning behind each UU principle
- The significance of diverse spiritual sources
- The history that shaped UU identity

Practical Applications

Readers can use the guide to:

- Navigate conversations about faith and spirituality
- Participate actively in UU community events
- Advocate for social justice aligned with UU values
- Foster personal spiritual development

Benefits of Using the Unitarian Universalist Pocket Guide

Educational Resource

The guide serves as an excellent educational tool for:

- newcomers learning about UU
- educators developing curriculum
- community organizers spreading awareness

Accessibility and Portability

Its compact size allows members to carry it everywhere, making it a handy reference during:

- discussions with friends or family
- visits to UU congregations
- community outreach events

Promotes Inclusivity and Open-mindedness

By summarizing UU's inclusive philosophy, the guide encourages acceptance and curiosity about different spiritual traditions.

Where to Find the Unitarian Universalist Pocket Guide

Official Sources

You can acquire the guide from:

- The Unitarian Universalist Association (UUA) website
- Local UU congregations
- Religious bookstores specializing in spiritual literature

Digital Versions

Many editions are available in PDF format or as e-books, making it easy to access on your devices.

Conclusion: Embracing the UU Spirit with the Pocket Guide

The Unitarian Universalist Pocket Guide is more than just a booklet; it embodies the inclusive, compassionate, and open-minded spirit that defines UU communities worldwide. By providing clear summaries of the core principles, history, and practices, it empowers individuals to engage meaningfully with UU values. Whether you are exploring spiritual paths, seeking community involvement, or deepening your understanding of social justice, this pocket guide is an invaluable resource. As you carry it with you, let it serve as a reminder of the interconnected web of life and the

ongoing journey toward truth, love, and justice.

Keywords optimized for SEO: Unitarian Universalist Pocket Guide, UU principles, UU history, Unitarian Universalism practices, UU community, spiritual growth, social justice, UU sources, UU beliefs, UU resources

The Unitarian Universalist Pocket Guide English E is a compact yet comprehensive resource designed to introduce readers to the core principles, history, and diverse practices of Unitarian Universalism. As a quick reference tool, it aims to serve both newcomers seeking an overview and longtime members looking for a refresher. This guide stands out for its accessibility, clarity, and thoughtful organization, making it a popular choice among individuals interested in exploring or deepening their understanding of this inclusive faith tradition.

Overview of The Unitarian Universalist Pocket Guide English E

The Pocket Guide is crafted to distill the essence of Unitarian Universalism (UU) into a manageable, easy-to-navigate format. Its primary goal is to provide a succinct yet rich snapshot of UU beliefs, history, practices, and community life. The "English E" designation indicates its focus on English-language content and linguistic accessibility, aiming to reach a broad audience across English-speaking regions.

Designed with portability in mind, the guide is usually small enough to fit in a pocket or purse, making it a handy reference for church members, visitors, or anyone curious about UU. Despite its size, it manages to pack in a wealth of information, including key principles, historical milestones, and suggestions for engagement.

Content and Structure

The guide is organized into several sections, each focusing on different aspects of Unitarian Universalism:

Core Principles and Values

This section outlines the Seven Principles and the Six Sources that form the foundation of UU beliefs. It provides brief explanations of each principle, emphasizing themes like justice, compassion, spiritual growth, and respect for diverse beliefs.

History and Origins

A condensed history traces the roots of UU from its 19th-century beginnings, highlighting influential figures, key movements, and milestones that shaped the modern denomination.

Practices and Rituals

Here, readers learn about common UU practices, including worship services, rituals, ceremonies, and community engagement. It emphasizes the diversity within UU practices, reflecting its inclusive philosophy.

Community and Engagement

This part discusses how to participate in UU communities, including local congregations, social justice initiatives, and educational opportunities. It also offers guidance on becoming involved and fostering a sense of belonging.

Glossary and Resources

A helpful glossary explains key terms and concepts, while resource suggestions point readers toward further reading, websites, and organizations.

Strengths of The Pocket Guide

The guide?s design and content offer several notable advantages:

- Conciseness and Clarity: Its brevity makes complex ideas accessible without oversimplification.
- User-Friendly Layout: Clear headings, bullet points, and summaries facilitate quick reference.
- Inclusive Language: The guide emphasizes the UU commitment to inclusivity and respect for diverse beliefs.
- Practical Focus: It offers tangible suggestions for engagement, making it valuable for newcomers seeking to participate actively.

Features

- Compact size for portability
- Visual aids such as icons or diagrams to clarify concepts
- Summaries of core beliefs and practices
- Glossary of pertinent terms
- Recommendations for further exploration

Limitations and Criticisms

Despite its many strengths, the Pocket Guide is not without limitations:

- Lack of Depth: Due to its size, it cannot delve deeply into complex theological or philosophical debates.
- Simplification Risks: Some nuanced aspects of UU history and beliefs may be oversimplified or glossed over.
- Cultural Specificity: While focusing on English language and contexts, it may not fully address the diversity of practices worldwide.
- Static Content: As UU evolves, the guide may require periodic updates to remain current.

Target Audience and Usage

The guide is particularly well-suited for:

- Individuals new to Unitarian Universalism
- Visitors attending UU services for the first time
- Educators and leaders seeking a quick overview
- Members seeking a portable refresher

It can be used in various settings: during introductory sessions, as a handout at events, or for personal study.

Comparison with Other Resources

Compared to larger books or detailed online articles, the Pocket Guide offers:

- Accessibility: Its small format makes it easier to carry and reference.
- Convenience: Quick to consult during conversations or planning.
- Limitations: Less comprehensive than full-length texts like Unitarian Universalism: A Guide for the Curious or The Unitarian Universalist Pocket Guide editions.

However, it complements these more in-depth resources by serving as an entry point or quick reference.

Conclusion

The Unitarian Universalist Pocket Guide English E is a valuable tool for anyone seeking a concise yet informative overview of UU. Its strengths lie in its clarity, accessibility, and focus on core principles, making it an ideal starting point for newcomers and a handy reference for members. While it cannot replace comprehensive texts for in-depth study, its compact size and thoughtfully curated content make it an enduring resource for fostering understanding and engagement within

the UU community. Whether carried in a pocket or kept on a bookshelf, this guide helps to demystify UU and invites more people to explore its inclusive, evolving spiritual landscape.

QuestionAnswer What is the Unitarian Universalist Pocket Guide in English E? The Unitarian Universalist Pocket Guide in English E is a concise resource that provides an overview of Unitarian Universalist beliefs, history, principles, and practices, designed to be accessible and informative for members and those interested in the faith. How can the Unitarian Universalist Pocket Guide benefit new members? It offers new members a clear and straightforward introduction to UU values, history, and community practices, helping them to understand and engage with the faith more effectively. What topics are typically covered in the Unitarian Universalist Pocket Guide? The guide usually covers UU origins, core principles, religious diversity, ethical living, worship practices, and ways to get involved in the community. Is the Unitarian Universalist Pocket Guide available in multiple languages? Yes, while the 'English E' edition refers to the English version, similar guides are often translated into various languages to reach a diverse global audience. Where can I find the latest edition of the Unitarian Universalist Pocket Guide in English? You can find the latest edition through official UU websites, church bookstores, or online retailers specializing in religious and spiritual literature.

Related keywords: Unitarian Universalism, UU principles, spiritual beliefs, religious tolerance, faith community, liberal religion, social justice, religious diversity, UU history, spiritual practices

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